

# Model Documentation of the Permanent Magnet DC Motor

## 1 Nomenclature

### 1.1 Nomenclature for Model Equations

|          |                     |
|----------|---------------------|
| $c\phi$  | motor constant      |
| $J$      | moment of inertia   |
| $L_A$    | armature inductance |
| $R_A$    | armature resistance |
| $i_A$    | armature current    |
| $\omega$ | angular velocity    |
| $u_A$    | armature voltage    |
| $\xi_L$  | load moment         |

### 1.2 Graphic of the Structure

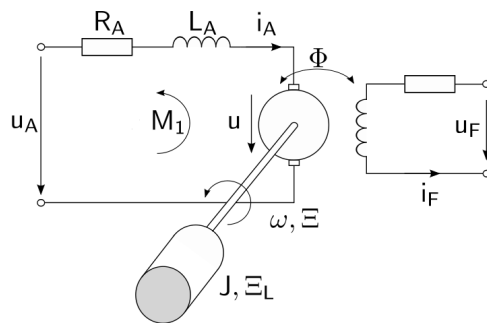


Figure 1: Structure of the Permanent Magnet DC Motor Model.  
Source: Institut of Control Theory TU Dresden: Regelungstechnikpraktikum,  
Praktikumsanleitung

## 2 Model Equations

State Vector and Input Vector:

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{x} &= (\omega \ i_A)^T & &= (x_1 \ x_2)^T \\ \underline{u} &= (u_A \ \xi_L)^T & &= (u_1 \ u_2)^T \end{aligned}$$

System Equations:

$$\dot{x}_1 = \frac{c\phi}{J}x_2 - \frac{1}{J}u_2 \quad (1a)$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -\frac{R_A}{L_A}x_2 - \frac{c\phi}{L_A}x_1 + \frac{1}{L_A}u_1 \quad (1b)$$

Parameters:  $c\phi$ ,  $J$ ,  $L_A$ ,  $R_A$   
Output:  $\omega$

## 2.1 Exemplary parameter values

| Parameter Name      | Symbol  | Value  | Unit     |
|---------------------|---------|--------|----------|
| motor constant      | $c\phi$ | 0.169  | Vs       |
| moment of inertia   | $J$     | 0.0017 | $W s^3$  |
| armature inductance | $L_A$   | 0.0256 | H        |
| armature resistance | $R_A$   | 3.2    | $\Omega$ |

## 3 Derivation and Explanation

The function of the electrical motor is based on the interaction between the electromechanical power law and Faraday's law of induction.

$$\xi(t) = c\phi i_A(t) \quad (2)$$

$$u(t) = c\phi\omega(t) \quad (3)$$

The following applies to the voltage drops in the electrical armature circuit:

$$u_A(t) = u(t) + R_A i_A(t) + L_A \frac{di_A(t)}{dt}. \quad (4)$$

For the mechanical system, Newton's law for rotational motion provides

$$\frac{\omega(t)}{dt} = \frac{1}{J} \xi_b(t). \quad (5)$$

Furthermore:

$$\xi_b(t) = \xi(t) - \xi_L(t). \quad (6)$$

## 4 Simulation

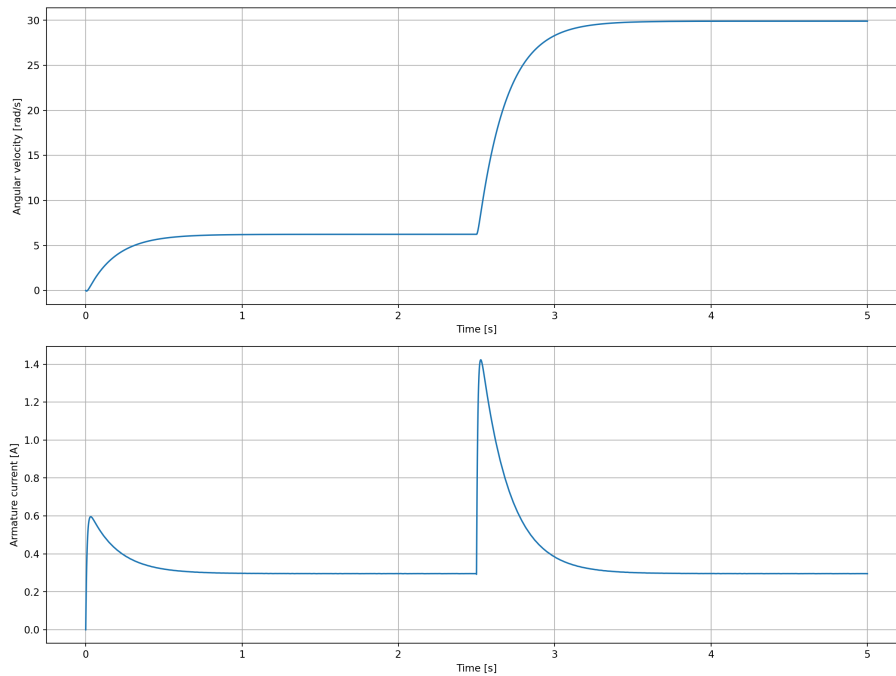


Figure 2: Simulation of the permanent magnet DC motor.

## References

- [1] Institut of Control Theory TU Dresden: *Regelungstechnikpraktikum, Praktikumsanleitung*, published on OPAL April 2022.  
(not publicly accessible)